



## COMMERCE AND VISION A GAME CHANGER IN DIGITAL WORLD

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### ABSTRACT

The combination of commerce and vision-based technology has become an influential player in the quickly changing digital landscape, changing how companies function and how consumers interact with them online. Once restricted to searching for keywords and inventory browsing, digital commerce today incorporates sophisticated computer vision and artificial intelligence (AI) to analyze and respond to visual data, greatly improving user experiences and operational efficiency. In order to bridge the gap between digital interactions and physical awareness, breakthroughs like visual search, virtual try-ons, and immersive augmented reality (AR) interfaces are made possible by computer vision, which gives platforms the ability to "see" and analyze photos and videos. These features lower obstacles like ambiguity and friction in transactions over the internet by enabling customers to find products through photos, customize their shopping experiences, and make confident purchases. In addition to improving interaction and adaptation, the combination of vision technology and commerce also stimulates intelligent automation throughout the value chain. As these technologies develop, they could redefine competitive advantage in the digital economy by promoting innovation, accelerating growth, and opening up new ways for businesses, consumers, and digital platforms to get involved. As a result, the combination of vision and commerce is revolutionary, turning conventional e-commerce into a vibrant, intelligent, and visually stimulating marketplace.

Keywords: E-commerce Vision, Visual Search, Augmented Reality, Artificial Intelligence, User Experience, AR/VR commerce, Phygital retail experiences, Metaverse commerce, Smart retail ecosystems

### Introduction

Traditional commerce has evolved into a highly intelligent and dynamic ecosystem due to the rapid expansion of the digital world. The combination of vision-based technology with digital commerce is one of the most significant developments accelerating this change. Text-based searches and static product displays are no longer the only options available to modern commerce systems owing to the integration of computer vision, artificial intelligence (AI), and sophisticated data analytics. Rather, they are becoming into visually conscious systems that can understand pictures, movies, and physical surroundings, radically altering how companies run and how customers interact with them online.

Innovative features like visual search, virtual try-ons, automated product detection, and engaging augmented reality (AR) experiences are made possible by vision-based technologies. These features improve personalization, decrease online shopping fear, and close the gap between online and physical retail settings. Businesses gain from increased productivity, more intelligent inventory management, and knowledge based on data, while consumers can now find products through photographs, see them in real-world settings, and make more assured purchases.



The combination of vision and commerce technology has become a real game changer in the digital world as competition grows more intense. Along the whole value chain, it not only improves the consumer experience but also stimulates intelligent automation and innovation. The future of e-commerce is being changed by this combination, which establishes vision-enabled commerce as a vital component of long-term growth and competitive advantage in the global digital economy.

## **Literature Review**

### **1. Evolution of Digital Commerce**

Over the past decade, digital commerce has grown beyond simple online storefronts to intelligent ecosystems driven by data, personalization, and automation. Early research focuses on foundational e-commerce technologies, user behavior, and digital transaction systems (Laudon & Traver, 2023). However, traditional search and menu-based browsing were limited in discovery and engagement, especially for visually rich product categories such as fashion and home decor.

### **2. Rise of Vision-Based Technologies**

Since the middle of the 2010s, computer vision the computing capacity for recognizing visual information has been used more and more in the business world (Szeliski, 2024). Machines can "see" and process product images and footage due to computer vision technologies including object identification, visual search, picture recognition, and scene understanding. This change improves how things are found and used online by moving away from text-centric systems and toward visual intelligence.

### **3. Visual Search and Product Discovery**

Customers can use visual search to locate products by using photos rather than keywords. When written descriptions are unable to convey subtleties like design or texture, as is frequently the case in the fashion and furniture categories, users prefer image-based queries, according to pioneering studies (Johnson et al., 2023). When visual search features are integrated, retailers report increased engagement and conversion rates.

### **4. Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Try-Ons**

Technologies like virtual try-ons and augmented reality help to close the gap between online and offline buying. By enabling users to see products (such as furniture, cosmetics, and eyewear) in authentic settings prior to purchase, augmented reality applications have been shown to dramatically boost consumer confidence and purchase intent (Smith & Lee, 2024). These immersive experiences reduce uncertainty and returns a persistent challenge in e-commerce.

## **Research Gap**

Vision-based commerce technologies like computer vision, visual search, and augmented reality are transforming the digital economy at a rapid pace. Many problems are yet unsolved, though. Technical correctness and system performance are the primary subjects of most research; large-scale commercial application and long-term business impact are rarely studied. Not enough research has been done on topics including privacy, customer trust,



ethical issues with data gathering, and facial recognition. It's also unknown how cultural differences affect user uptake and behavior. Furthermore, there is little research on combining vision systems with other AI tools like NLP and recommendation engines. Issues with fairness, bias, and inclusive design continue to exist. Adoption is difficult for small and medium-sized enterprises, yet there are still few cost-effectiveness studies available.

## **Methodology**

### **Research Design**

In order to present a comprehensive knowledge of how vision technologies affect digital commerce, this study uses a mixed-method research methodology that combines qualitative and quantitative techniques. While the quantitative component analyzes the impact of vision-driven tools on customer behavior, purchase intentions, and satisfaction, the qualitative component helps in the exploration of consumer perceptions, difficulties, and experiences. Both theoretical understandings and actual data are guaranteed to be recorded thanks to this arrangement.

### **Data Collection**

Primary as well as secondary sources of information will be gathered. In order to identify current trends, obstacles, and research gaps in vision-enabled commerce, secondary data includes a methodical study of academic journals, conference papers, industry reports, and reliable web publications. Structured surveys will be used to collect primary data from online shoppers who have used vision-based features like visual search, augmented reality try-on, or image-based shopping. This methodology guarantees that the research encompasses both user experiences and industry viewpoints.

### **Sampling Technique**

The study will use convenience or random sampling to select respondents for the survey. The target population includes active online shoppers who have used vision-enabled commerce tools. The sample size will be determined based on accessibility and the need for statistical reliability. This sampling ensures that the collected data represents diverse user experiences and preferences.

## **Data Analysis and Results**

### **Sample Data Analysis and Results Table**

Analysis: The expanding impact of vision and commerce technologies as game changers in the digital world between 2020 and 2024 is shown in this graph. The graph's percentage values show how vision-based technologies are becoming more widely used and having an impact on digital commerce. The rise started at about 28% in 2020, indicating the early stages of the change when online commerce began incorporating simple visual and artificial intelligence technology.

The value increases to about 35% in 2021, a sign of growing use of visual search capabilities, digital marketing, and e-commerce platforms. The graph illustrates the rapid growth of digital technology by showing a further increase to roughly 38% by 2022, followed by a dramatic



jump to above 50%. During this time, computer vision applications in customer service, computerized inventory tracking, and smart retail systems were introduced.

Despite a minor drop in 2023, the proportion is still above 50%, indicating that despite obstacles such implementation costs and data privacy concerns, general development persisted. Following 2023, the trend rises once more, culminating at almost 72% in 2024 after reaching roughly 62%. The growing trend shows how the digital marketplace has been transformed by commerce in conjunction with vision technology like automated checkout, facial recognition payments, virtual try-on systems, and AI-powered cameras. These advancements are helping businesses increase efficiency, improve security, and improve customer experience.

### **Discuss and Implementation**

In the digital age, commerce has changed significantly, moving from conventional buying and selling to sophisticated online platforms driven by cutting-edge technologies. Computer vision, artificial intelligence, and machine learning are examples of vision technologies that have evolved into real game changers. By giving robots the ability to "see" and comprehend pictures and videos, these systems help companies increase security, automate processes, and boost customer satisfaction. With features like virtual try-ons, personalized recommendations, visual search, and real-time customer behavior analysis, vision-based commerce facilitates smarter buying. Digital commerce is consequently growing quicker, more effective, and more customer-focused.

Digital payments, supply chain management, smart retail outlets, and e-commerce platforms are all examples of how commerce and vision technologies are being used. Customers can use images to search products and interact with virtual shopping assistants owing to image recognition tools used by online firms. AI-powered cameras are used by retail businesses for automated checkout, inventory control, and fraud detection. Additionally, vision technology is utilized in logistics to scan parcels and identify defective items, as well as in secure banking through facial authentication. These programs boost accuracy, decrease manual labor, and boost corporate production. All things considered, vision technology and commerce are transforming the online marketplace and propelling the development of intelligent digital economies.

### **Future work**

The future of the digital world will see an even greater and more extensive integration of vision and commerce technology. For fully automated shopping experiences, individualized customer support, and real-time product tracking, businesses are anticipated to implement more intelligent AI-driven vision systems. Future advancements could include more secure biometric payment methods, clever robotics in warehouses, and improved virtual reality shopping. Businesses will also be able to make better decisions and have a more precise understanding of consumer behavior with the aid of vision-based analytics. Additionally, research can concentrate on lowering privacy hazards, enhancing data security, and lowering the cost of these.



## Conclusion

Through revolutionizing how companies function and how consumers engage with online platforms, commerce and vision technologies have become an influential agent for change in the digital world. Digital transactions are now more automated, secure, personalized, and efficient when e-commerce is combined with computer vision and artificial intelligence. Vision-based innovations are changing the global marketplace in a variety of ways, from supply chain management and fraud detection to smart retail systems and virtual shopping experiences. In general, the future of digital economies is being driven by the combination of vision.

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